







Efstathios K Metaxas<sup>1\*</sup>, Ioannis Stamatatos<sup>2</sup>, Sophia Ispanopoulou<sup>3</sup>, Konstantia Bouchra<sup>3</sup>, Stamatia Georgoudi<sup>4</sup>, Areti Falara<sup>4</sup>, Vasiliki Katsou<sup>4</sup>, Christina Balakera<sup>4</sup> and Georgios Meimaris<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Thoracic Surgery, General Hospital of Nicaea-Piraeus, Greece

<sup>2</sup>Department of Vascular Surgery, General Hospital of Nicaea-Piraeus, Greece

<sup>3</sup>Radiology & Imaging Department, General Hospital of Nicaea-Piraeus, Greece

<sup>4</sup>Anaesthesiology Department, General Hospital of Nicaea-Piraeus, Greece

<sup>5</sup>Department of General Surgery, General Hospital of Nicaea-Piraeus, Greece

Received: 08 June, 2019 Accepted: 19 July, 2019 Published: 20 July, 2019

\*Corresponding author: Efstathios K Metaxas,
Department of Thoracic Surgery, General Hospital of
Nicaea-Piraeus, Greece, E-mail: metaxask@otenet.gr

Keywords: Rib fractures; Nerve block; Xylocaine toxicity

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### **Research Article**

# Rib fractures and nerve block. A 84 case study

#### **Abstract**

The aim of the study is to determine the importance of nerve block in rib fracture patients.

**Methods:** During the period January 2017- December 2018 a retrospective study took place. Eighty four patients diagnosed already with rib fractures underwent nerve book by thoracic surgery department at General Hospital of Nicaea-Piraeus, Greece.

**Results:** All 84 patients received nerve block and 54 of them received nerve block and Diclofenac injection. After a week of post nerve block along with regularly analgesic-NSAID medication the recorded pain has been reduced to minimum.

**Conclusion:** Nerve block seems that is very helpful to reduce pain post rib fractures. Provides satisfactory pain relief and low cost. It can combine with analgesic and ant inflammatory medication. Reduces patients hospital stay and even more suggested admission.

# Results

The population study of 84 patients were 53 male (63, 095%) and 31 female (36, 904%) age 24-80 years old, mean age 33 years old. Mechanism of injury: Car accident 58(69,047%), Falls 19(22,619%), Fight 7(8,333%). Location of the injury was found in 51 patients on the right side and 33 on the left side. All patients who underwent nerve block the pain scale upon questionnaire was above 5. All 84 patients received nerve block and 54 of them received nerve block and Diclofenac injection. After a week of post nerve block along with regularly analgesic-NSAID medication the recorded pain has been reduced to minimum. To mention that 18 patients refused admission in the thoracic department post nerve block and as a follow up

# Introduction

Rib fractures cause a lot of pain and are associated with atelectasis, pleural effusion, haemothorax, and pneumothorax.

# **Objective**

The aim of this study focused to improve the effectiveness of the nerve block in pain in rib fractures patients.

# **Material and Methods**

During the period January 2017 - December 2018 a retrospective study took place. Eighty four patients diagnosed already with rib fractures underwent nerve bock by thoracic surgery department at General Hospital of Nicaea-Piraeus, Greece. All patients who underwent nerve block were asked upon questionnaire to estimate the gravity of the pain. (0- no pain, 1-2 minimal pain, 3-5 moderate pain, 6-8 severe pain, 9-10 maximum-insufferable pain). All patients who underwent nerve block had in the pain scale upon questionnaire above 5 grades. Xylocaine 10-15ml was used as local anaesthetic and was injected in the middle of the fractured rib (Figure 1).



Figure 1: Holding the rib and injecting in the middle the slocal anaesthetic

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patient no complication was documented. No atelectasis found on the chest radiography.

Only one female patient aged 64 after having nerve block felt unwell (toxicity at Xylocaine). She received iv fluids monitoring –observation for three hours. Finally she discharged home with good postoperative recovery.

## **Discussion**

Nerve block reduces pain and also in combination bupivacaine for nerve block long lasting offers efficacy [1]. It is also very helpful and effective in treatment of Reno-ureteral colic by twelve intercostal nerve block with lidocaine versus intramuscular Diclophenac [2]. Diclophenac also can be given in combination with nerve block with excellent result. Combined usage of intercostal nerve block and tumescent anaesthesia is an effective anaesthesia technique for breast augmentation [3]. Addition of lidocaine to levobupivacaine reduces intralethal block duration [4]. Tibial nerve block it is also very useful using the ultrasound-guided inframalleolar medial plantar nerve perineural injection [5]. Provides excellent relief pain in post-thoracotomy patients.

# **Conclusion**

Nerve block seems that is very helpful to reduce pain post rib fractures. Provides satisfactory pain relief and low cost. It can combine with analgesic and ant inflammatory medication. Patients may be without pain or minor pain for 2 or more days. Pain relief and duration can improve with simultaneously administration pain medication. Reduces patients hospital stay and even more suggested admission. To avoid Xylocaine toxicity especially to elderly and oncologic patients, attention should be given to the dosage during the administration for at least half an hour.

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